

WINNSBORO, S. C.

Wednesday, November 13. : 1889

MAHON has not only to endure the humiliation of an overwhelming defeat, but has actually been arrested for shooting one Harrison. He denies the charge, but the mayor of Petersburg binds him over on a bail of \$2,500.

It is said that Wamaker will call a conference of some of the principal postmasters with a view of ascertaining the propriety of some important changes which he proposes to effect. There is a sad need of some change—at least in the South.

The Manufacturer's Record is doing a great work for the whole South. Week after week it makes known the grand strides of the South in industry. It proposes now a plan to draw capital to this glorious Southern land. "With a view to attracting the attention of the entire financial interests of the United States to the growth of the South, to the advantages of this section and to the profitable investments of every kind to be found in every State," it will issue a "Special Bankers' Edition, a copy of which will be sent to every bank in the United States. This is what we call enterprise.

The complexion of the Legislature of Ohio will be democratic and will, therefore, guarantee the election of a Democrat as United States Senator, and it is said that Calvin S. Brice will be the man. Mr. Brice, though residing in New York, is in reality a citizen of Ohio, he having been continuously identified with the progress and welfare of the Buckeye State, and "scrupulously conformed to all the observances that constitute both technical and substantial citizenship."

We hope that he will be the next Senator from Ohio for not only has he natural ability, but because he has shown himself a most ardent believer in tariff reform. He has done a great deal for the party as one of its leaders, and his election would be an appropriate testimonial of appreciation of his services, and, at the same time, would show a recognition of his ability.

A Picture of Our Town.

A beautiful pen picture of Winnsboro is drawn in the News and Herald of November 4. Her richness in historical reminiscences is painted artistically, but the outline of her present industrial progress is even more vividly and graphically portrayed. With her schools, her churches, her oil mills, etc., her progressive, yet conservative business men, a grand picture she makes.

We congratulate the artist upon his work and the people of the town upon their magnificent record, and the bright future which is foreshadowed by the present. As our contemporary says: "It is a grand picture and a true, and it is hoped that it will attract attention to the resource of one of the best counties of the State, and thus bring additions to its population and its wealth."

We hope our people will scatter copies of the paper so that others may hear of "The Fairest of Fair Fields."

Democracy's Victory.

The solid South seems to be widening and broadening—or rather sound Democratic principles are ramifying into every part of the country. However fair-hearted and destitute of hope may have been the adherents of democracy in the last Presidential campaign, there are now unmistakable signs of a great reaction. Whether the cause be the dissatisfaction given by Harrison, Wamaker, etc., or whether it is on account of a more thorough education in sound political principles, it remains, nevertheless, as a fact that the recent elections show without a shadow of doubt that the party is approximating perfection in organization, and that means that people are comprehending the great economic principles upon which basis democratic rests.

On Tuesday (November 5), elections were held in ten States, New York, Maryland, New Jersey, Ohio, Mississippi, Iowa, Virginia, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and Nebraska. New York is Democratic. Maryland is all right. Ohio has buried Foraker. Mississippi is overwhelmingly solid for the democracy. Iowa is democratic for the first time since 1875. Pennsylvania and Nebraska have reduced their Republican majority. Massachusetts gives the Democrats more strength in the Legislature. New Jersey stands on the right side.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste, it soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. June 25/17

The Decadence of Farming.

Under this caption a very able article is written by Joel Benton, for the Popular Science Monthly. He shows first as a substantive fact that the depreciation in actual and marketable value of land within the last twenty years is a statement applicable to New England as well as to the South-eastern States, which are the distinctive agricultural States of this country.

In New England, "where the supposed benign effect of the National Government's attempt to diversify industry, so that farming need not be overdone," \*\* where the land was originally fertile, where every social and industrial advantage are afforded, the farms are, however, advertised for sale, and sold too at an exceedingly low figure. This is true, although every conceivable surrounding exists to enhance the value of land; there are all the necessary elements in the protectionist's theory to increase the value of land. Upon the lands were improvements in the way of good buildings, railroads numerous, "large factories and populous towns were near, schools and churches. It seems, then, that if there is one section of the United States which enjoyed all of the best facilities for making farming a paying business, it was in New England. But still we are told that the farms there are advertised for sale under orders of foreclosure just as they are right here in Fairfield, year after year. The actual experience of farming in New England then argues conclusively the falsity of the theory of protection.

Says Mr. Benton: It is now twenty years, at least, that farming has been going rapidly downward. \*\* Farms in New England, and some in the Middle States, sold for less than the buildings cost which are upon them. \*\* Very recently the New York State assessors have issued a report \*\* in respect to the assessed valuations of farm lands in various counties. And this is their story: "In fourteen counties visited, they found that farm lands had depreciated in value, while city property had increased in value."

The Bureau of labor statistics for Illinois have given a report in reference to farm-mortgage indebtedness, in 1870, 1880, and 1887; the purely agricultural debt is as follows:

Year.	Debt.
1870.....	\$ 95,725,000
1880.....	\$ 104,525,237
1887.....	\$123,738,098

This anything but an encouraging report. The interest on these mortgages is estimated at seven to nine per cent, the profit of the farmer is raised from four to five per cent. These figures indeed tell a sad story, not only for Illinois, but for every other state in the Union. What a drain upon the farmer to meet the interest, yet it is a fact, year by year increases the amount of farm-mortgage indebtedness. Now money is seeking investment, and, although strange as it is, the value of land is depreciating every year, yet we find in the Manufacturers Record a statement with definite facts to corroborate it, that more and more money is for loan on real estate.

It is generally conceded that taxes fall upon what can be seen. The acres of land of the farmer "cannot be hidden or sworn away," hence they never escape taxation, but as to personality it cannot by evasion be avoided. This is one of the reasons for the decline of farming. But perhaps, one of the most potent reasons is the relation of the tax on farms to the national tax—the tariff—which bequeles the farmer with the declaration that it is protection, a worse misnomer never existed—that it is for his benefit, a system which forbids him from buying almost every utensil used on the farm as cheaply as he might, and force him to sell the products of his own labor at a low price. How can he prosper under a system of taxation which increases his necessary articles for carrying on his farm, and at the same time decreases the value of the products of his own labor?

The time is ripe for him to know and feel the painful effect of this unjust tax. It is high time for every farmer in this country to stir with an tremendous effort to abolish these taxes. Experience demands it. We can't afford to make one class of people rich at the expense of the majority.

Who the Favorites of Fortune are Late. Ticket No. 63,856 drew the First Capital Prize of \$300,000 in the 23rd Grand Monthly Drawing of Oct. 15th, 1889, in the Louisiana State Lottery. It was sold in the eastern part of Louisiana at \$1.00 each, sent to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La. One to Geo. M. Walton, Sharon Valley, Conn.; one to Mariana Romero, Santa Barbara, Cal.; one to George W. Lane, Forest City, Ark.; one to T. H. Neely, Bigbyville, Tenn.; one to G. P. Balbo, Danville, Va.; one to Aug. J. H. Cheny, Fort Smith, Ark.; one to W. P. Faucett, Campbellsville, Ky.; etc. Ticket No. 71,328 drew the Second Capital Prize of \$100,000, also sold in fractional twentieths at \$1.00 each one to Handy Mohammed, 128 Clinton Place, N. Y.; one to J. R. Geddes, Murray, Pa.; one to Cora Rogers, South Bend, Ind.; one to Norton County Bank, Norton, Kan.; one to a Correspondent through Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, San Francisco, Cal.; one to Bowery Bank, New York, N. Y.; one to E. L. Raine, Barnum, Tex.; one to Adone & Loft, Galveston, Tex.; one to M. M. Jordan, Greenville, S. C.; one to a Depositor Louisiana Nat. Bank, New Orleans, La.; etc. Ticket No. 25,369 drew the Third Capital Prize of \$50,000, also sold in fractional twentieths at \$1.00 each one to the Market Nat. Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio; one to International Bank, St. Louis, Mo.; one to Lawrence Kuebler 304 S. 7th St., St. Louis, Mo.; one to J. C. Baldwin, 64 Main St., Houston, Tex.; one to Sam Raphael, 64 Main St., Houston, Tex.; one to J. L. Adams, Cincinnati, Ohio; one to H. A. Harvey, Harvey Canal, Gretna, La.; one to Michael Stritzinger, Gretna, La.; etc. The 25th Grand Monthly and Extraordinary Drawing will take place Tuesday, December 17th, 1889, when prizes ranging up to \$600,000, will be scattered broadcast everywhere. Full information will be given by M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., on application. Do not be left this time.

COUNTY NEWS.

CECILIA CREEK. November 5. A beautiful marriage took place at the residence of Mrs. E. P. Smith on last Sunday. Mr. R. H. Hoza and Miss Nannie A. Smith were the contracting parties. Trial Justice Hood officiated in the absence of the Rev. J. M. Hood.

The Cedar Creek Sunday School gave a very enjoyable picnic on the 2nd inst. The school was promptly called to order at 11 o'clock A. M., by the efficient Superintendent W. W. Smith. After the singing of several appropriate pieces, the Superintendent made a few well chosen remarks. Blythwood was represented in the person of Mr. W. J. Johnston, and he was called upon for an address; and after signs of some reluctance made a short but eloquent speech. After the conclusion of Mr. Johnston's speech, your correspondent was nearly carried to death by being introduced to deliver an address, and that without the slightest intimation of such a thing. He responded too, of course, with one of his usual flowery speeches, and if not intruding too much upon your valuable space, I shall reproduce it, verbatim. His eloquent address was: "Please excuse me."

The last but by no means the least was the marching to a grove near at hand, where was a table weighty with good things, and which proved sufficient for the audience numbering about two hundred and fifty persons.

November 11. The Pine Grove School opened on Monday with a very good attendance. Miss Mary Abel is the teacher. Farmers have learned, in this section, by experience that sowing oats in the spring is a failure, and are, therefore sowing a large crop of grain this fall. Experience to them has been an expense, but a very efficient teacher.

Rev. Mr. Stoll preached his farewell sermon on last Sunday, and is now attending the conference of the Methodist Church. He has been with us one year, and we hope that that body will see fit to assign this field to him again.

Fox hunters are continually on a raid, and usually meet with singular success.

LONGTOWN. November 11. The trustees of the Longtown Academy have secured the services of Mr. Saml. McCormick to teach the public school in Lower Longtown, and the trustees of Upper Longtown have secured the services of Mrs. Saml. Dixon to teach the line school. The schools opened the first of the month, and both have a fair average attendance.

Since the recent rains our farms have been busy ploughing under small grain. An unusually large crop of oats has been sown.

Cotton crops are falling shorter than the farmers anticipated, although the weather has been fine; only about one-half as much cotton will be made as was expected three months since.

The hot supper which was given at Mr. N. A. Peay's on the 7th inst. for the benefit of the Presbyterian parsonage at Ridgeway was quite a success. The supper was furnished and served by Mr. and Mrs. Peay, two of the leading members of the Longtown Presbyterian Church. Miss Helms, of Ridgeway, was the recipient of a \$9.00 cake for the most popular young lady. The amount realized from the supper exceeded \$80. Miss Rebecca Buchanan and the Misses McMaster represented Winnsboro.

Miss Blake, of Greenwood, S. C., is visiting relatives and friends in this section.

Mr. B. F. Cassels, of Ridgeway, expects to move back to his place in this section in the near future.

Rumor says two or three of our Longtown boys are to step into matrimonial harness soon. You see we are up with the times.

This section of country has had more sickness this year, such as chills and fever, than has been known for several years.

WOODWARD.

November 11. The following are the predictions of J. M. Grant, the Fairfield weather prophet, for the month of November: 1 to 4 cloudy and some rain, 5 to 7 fair, 8 to 11 changeable from fair to cloudy and cooler, 12 to 15 cloudy and wind, 16 to 20 fair, 21 to 24 little rain, 25 to 28 changeable from cloudy to fair, 29 and 30 fair.

Miss Hattie Wise, of Trenton, S. C. is visiting Miss Emma Rosborough. Mrs. J. C. Mattoon, of Baltimore, is staying with her daughter, Mrs. J. M. Coleman, who has been quite sick for some time.

WHITE OAK.

November 11. Mr. Jno. Mobley and family left Saturday afternoon for Columbia, to attend the State Fair.

Rev. George Summey, of Chester, delivered an interesting lecture on his travels in the Holy Land, in the A. R. P. Church, on last Tuesday night. His lecture consumed about an hour's time and was listened to with marked attention. His extensive knowledge of the Bible and fluency as a speaker rendered it both instructive and enjoyable.

The farmers are busy sowing wheat and oats.

Quite a number from this place will attend the Fair this week.

Mr. D. M. Mulling, of Buckhead, is visiting his sister, Mrs. A. J. Hamilton.

Mr. W. J. Herron's gin house narrowly escaped destruction by fire last Thursday afternoon. How the fire originated is not positively known. It was first discovered in the lint room and is thought to have caught from a match carelessly dropped by one of the gin hands. The damage done was comparatively slight, owing to the promptness and well directed efforts of those present in extinguishing it.

Mr. W. L. Boulware, of Rossville, is spending a few days with his brother, Mr. Gray Boulware.

Miss Maggie Hamilton returned Saturday afternoon from Charleston.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in conjunction with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 Wall St., New York.

ORDINANCES.

The ordinance regulating the sale of fish in the incorporate limits of the town of Winnsboro, will be enforced on and after the 10th of November, and is as follows:

1. That from and after the passage of this Ordinance no person shall engage in the business of a huckster within the corporate limits of the town of Winnsboro, without first obtaining a license from the Town Council, which license shall be granted upon the payment of twenty-five dollars per annum. Any person shall be deemed a huckster within the meaning of this Ordinance who, not being a merchant having a fixed place of business, shall engage in the business of selling, peddling, hawking, ducks and other poultry, eggs, butter, fruit, fish, game, and vegetables, not of their own raising, catching or production.

2. That from and after the passage of this Ordinance no person shall act as a huckster, or a merchant having a fixed place of business within the corporate limits of said town, to buy, with intent to sell the same within said corporate limits, or to ship the same for sale to places outside the corporate limits, any of the following, to wit: chickens, turkeys, ducks or other poultry, eggs, butter, fruit, fish, game or other vegetables, not of their own raising, catching or production.

3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not exceeding the sum of ten dollars, or be imprisoned not exceeding ten days in the county jail or town guard-house, for each and every offence.

At a meeting of the Town Council on November 6, 1889, Section 24 of the Ordinance of the Town of Winnsboro, was amended by adding after the word offence on the fourth line, the following: "Or be imprisoned at the discretion of the Council," so that the whole section as amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 24. 1. Be it further ordained, That it shall not be lawful for any person to permit any female of the dog species, or bitch, to run at large during heat, under a penalty of one dollar for each and every offence, or be imprisoned at the discretion of the Town Council, and the Marshal shall be authorized to enforce the same upon failure to pay the said fine immediately after notification.

J. C. CALDWELL, Intendant.  
I. N. WITHERS, Clerk.

CLERK'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

H. A. Gaillard, Plaintiff, vs. Cynthia Shelton and W. A. Shelton, Defendants.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale before the Court House door in Winnsboro, on the FIRST MONDAY IN DECEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land lying, being and situate in Fairfield County and State aforesaid on the waters of Broad River, containing

ONE HUNDRED AND SEVEN (107) acres, more or less, and bounded as follows: Mrs. C. J. Smart, Miss Elizabeth Dawkins, J. K. Nevill and Wm. Kerr, reserving, however, a life estate in thirty acres of said land which had formerly been set off to Defendant as dower.

TERMS OF SALE:

The whole of the purchase money to be paid in cash, the purchaser to pay for all necessary papers. R. H. JENNINGS, Clerk's Office, Winnsboro, S. C., November 7, 1889.

CLERK'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

N. C. Robertson, as Administrator, vs. Emeline Rembert, et al.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale before the Court House door in Winnsboro on the FIRST MONDAY IN DECEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property to wit:

All that piece, parcel or tract of land lying, being and situate in the County and State aforesaid, containing

FOUR HUNDRED AND FORTY (440) Acres, more or less, and bounded by land of T. W. Woodward, Estate of O. Woodward, Wm. Dunlap, and lands formerly belonging to Thos. G. Robertson, and more fully described and indicated on the plat thereof on record in the office of Register of Mesne Conveyance in Book XX, page 578; being the same tract of land deeded by Thos. G. Robertson to Emeline Rembert, by deed bearing date March 16, 1868.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase-money to be paid in cash, for the balance, a credit of one and two years from the day of sale, with interest from said day of sale, payable annually, until the whole debt and interest be paid. The purchaser to give his bond, secured by a mortgage of the premises sold, and to pay for all necessary papers.

R. H. JENNINGS, Clerk's Office, Winnsboro, S. C., November 7, 1889.

SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

I will offer for sale, at my residence in Winnsboro, on THURSDAY, the 21st DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1889, the following described personal property, to wit: One Suit Parlor Furniture, including Piano and Carpet, Bed-room, dining-room and Kitchen Furniture. Also, my fine Blooded Brood Mare Libby L and filly.

Any of the above will be sold at private sale before the day of sale.

CLERK'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

W. R. Doty & Co., Plaintiffs, vs. Joel P. Fenley, et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale, before the Court House door in Winnsboro on the FIRST MONDAY IN DECEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to wit:

All that tract of land situate in the County of Fairfield, State of South Carolina, containing

FIVE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN (513) Acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by lands of John Leimer; on the east by lands of G. L. Koon and Jno. R. Jones; on the south by Little River, and on the west by lands of Christian Leimer.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash, the balance on a credit of one and two years from day of sale, in two equal annual instalments, with interest on said balance from day of sale, payable annually with each instalment as it falls due, until the whole of said balance be paid in full; to be secured by the bond or bonds of the purchaser or purchasers and mortgage of the premises sold; the purchaser or purchasers to pay for all necessary papers.

R. H. JENNINGS, Clerk's Office, C. C. C. P. F. C., Winnsboro, S. C., November 7, 1889.

CLERK'S SALE.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

COUNTY OF FAIRFIELD.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

James C. Curry, Plaintiff, vs. Robert H. Curry, John B. Curry, Stafford S. Curry, Charles R. Curry, Eliza Curry, Annie G. Curry and Frederick Curry, Defendants.

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas, made in the above stated case, I will offer for sale before the Court House door in Winnsboro on the FIRST MONDAY IN DECEMBER next, within the legal hours of sale, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, the following described property, to wit:

All that certain tract of land, lying, being and situate in the County and State aforesaid, containing

SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY (650) acres, more or less, and bounded by lands of P. M. B. Holly, William F. Holly, Jacob G. Holly, M. M. Holly, William H. Holly and lands of the Plaintiff.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash. The balance in two equal annual instalments with interest from day of sale, payable annually, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser and a mortgage of the premises sold. The purchaser to pay for all necessary papers.

R. H. JENNINGS, Clerk's Office, C. C. C. P. F. C., Winnsboro, S. C., November 7, 1889.

SELLING OUT.

HAVING DETERMINED IN THE FUTURE TO CARRY ON AN

EXCLUSIVE FANCY

—AND—

PLANTATION GROCERY STORE,

—TOGETHER WITH—

HEAVY HARDWARE.

I offer my stock of Shoes and Heavy Dry Goods at wholesale cost, without freight, for

—CASH ONLY—

The attention of Country Merchants is called to this sale.

R. M. HUEY.

D. LAUDERDALE.

Headquarters for Millinery.

ARE YOU STUDYING YOUR BEST

Interest in this fall? We hope so, for that means that you will look at our Millinery and ask our prices before you purchase your Winter Hat.

NEW PATTERNS JUST RECEIVED.

Also those of our own design, equal to the imported, at about half the prices. The richest and finest Millinery yet exhibited. Especial attention to making 27 1/2 trimmings to order. Correct styles 11 cent workmanship.

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS

a specialty with us, trimmed and untrimmed, and to order.

Our Milliner is a First Class Artist. Call at the "Old Reliable."

D. LAUDERDALE.

STOVES.

COOKING & HEATING STOVES

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Also, TINWARE, HOLLOW-WARE

Jars, Flower-Pots, and general household furnishing goods.

STOVES, TINWARE, REPAIRED

A work guaranteed first class. Everything at prices to suit the times.

When in town give me a call. Or send north of P. Landecker & Bro's.

W. W. KETCHIN, Agt.

Successor to L. H. Cummings.

Fine Seed Wheat for Sale.

CALL AND EXAMINE SAMPLES AT

R. M. HUEY'S.

10. JAMES PAGAN.

PAST ALL PRECEDENT!

OVER TWO MILLIONS DISTRIBUTED.

L.S.L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRAWINGS take place Semi-Annually (June and December), and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBERS DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

Commissioners.

At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, December 17, 1889.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$600,000.

100,000 Tickets at Forty Dollars each.

Halves \$20; Quarters \$10; Eighths \$5; Twentieths \$2; Fortieths \$1.

PRIZES OF \$500,000 is \$500,000

PRIZES OF \$100,000 is \$100,000

PRIZES OF \$50,000 is \$50,000

PRIZES OF \$25,000 is \$25,000

PRIZES OF \$10,000 is \$10,000

PRIZES OF \$5,000 is \$5,000

PRIZES OF \$2,500 is \$2,500

PRIZES OF \$1,000 is \$1,000

PRIZES OF \$500 is \$500

PRIZES OF \$250 is \$250

PRIZES OF \$100 is \$100

PRIZES OF \$50 is \$50

PRIZES OF \$25 is \$25

PRIZES OF \$10 is \$10

PRIZES OF \$5 is \$5

PRIZES OF \$2 is \$2